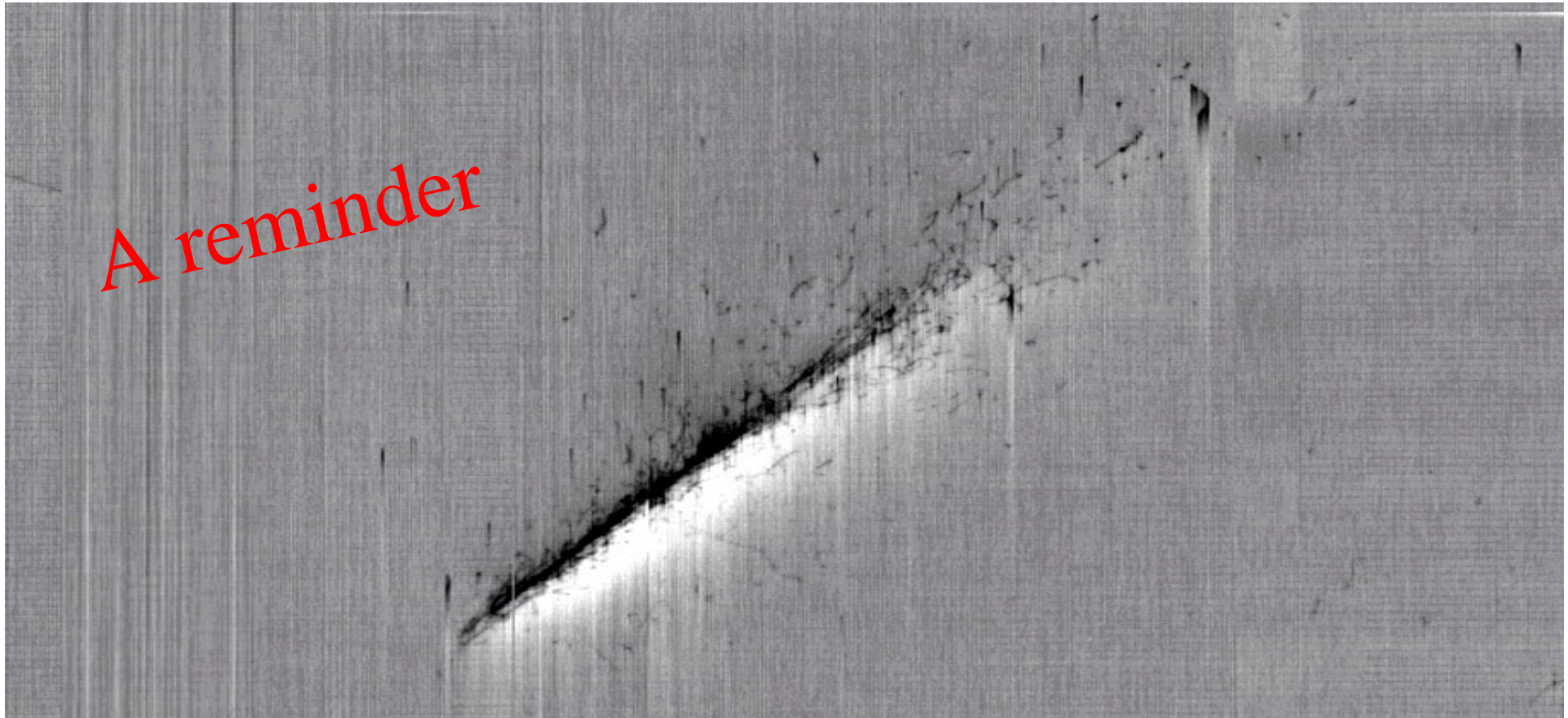
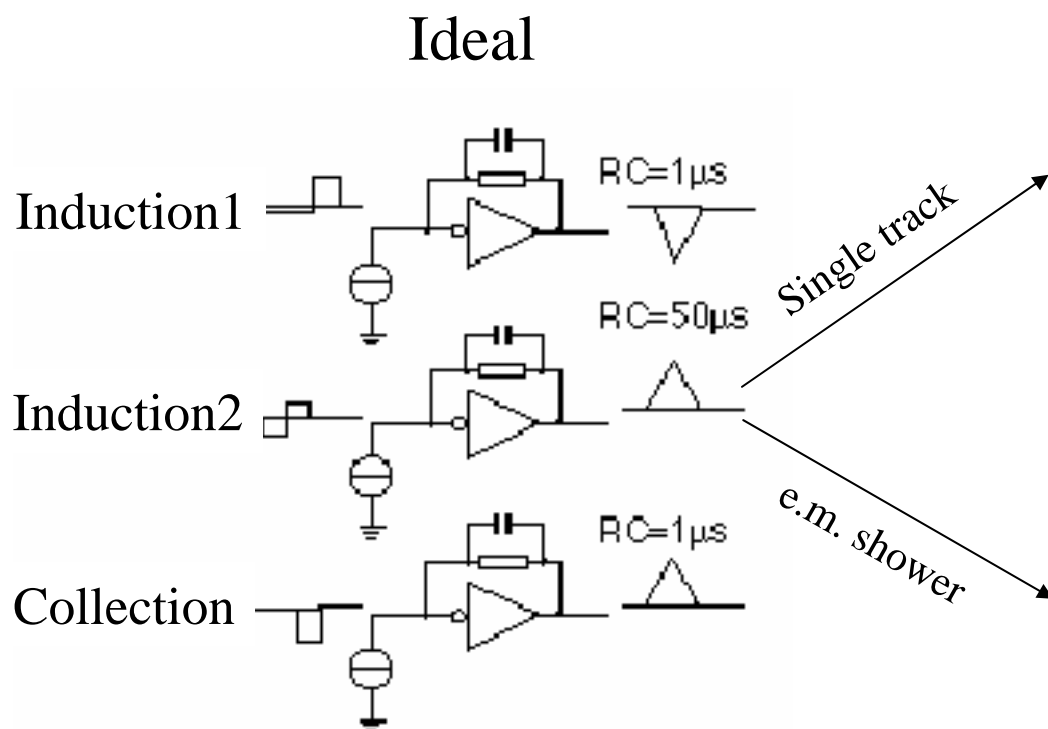


Up-grade of the V791Q boards

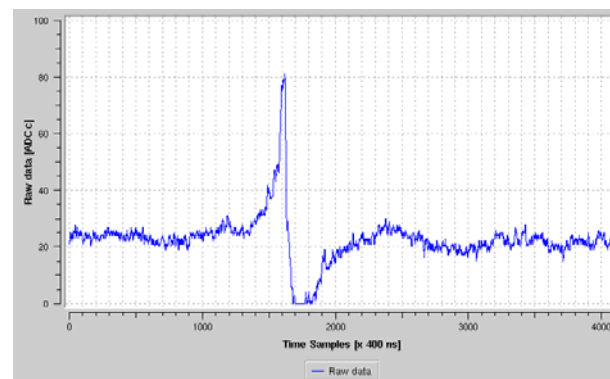
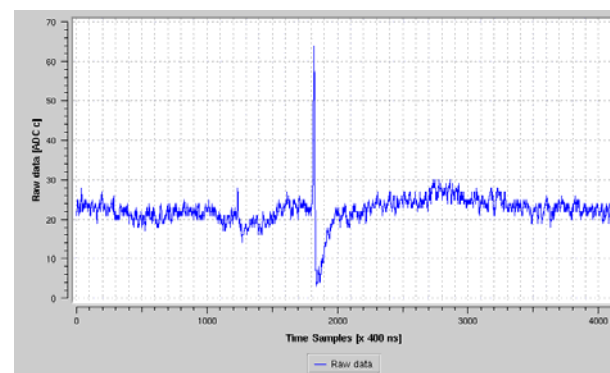
- Motivation:
 - Unwanted undershoot in induction2 signals
 - Degradation of tracking capability



Signals from the Induction2 plane

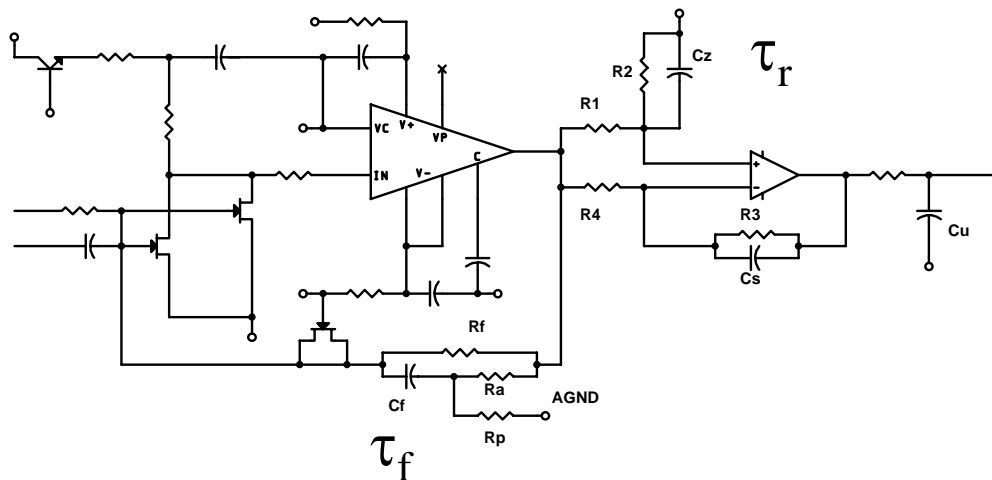


real

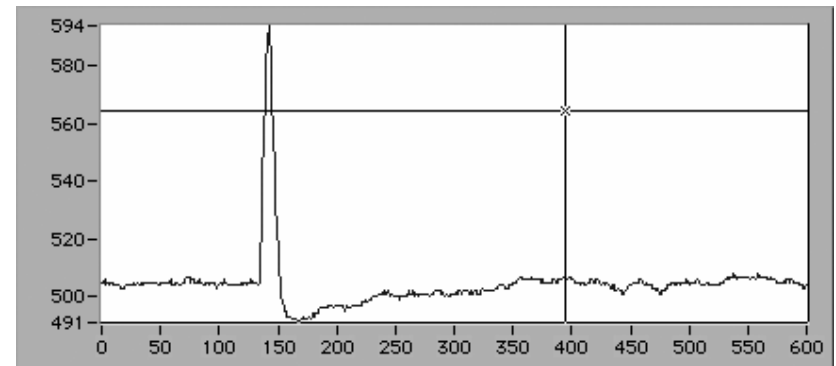


Why the undershoot?

- V791Q: charge sensitive amplifier to read bipolar signals
 - “interference” between preamplifier feedback time constant and “baseline restorer” time constants
 - Present configuration (a): $\tau_f=100\mu\text{s}$, $\tau_r = 33\mu\text{s}$ (too similar)
($R_f=100\text{M}\Omega$, $C_f=1\text{pF}$ -- $R_1=33\text{k}\Omega$, $R_2=270\text{k}\Omega$, $C_z=1\text{nF}$)
 - > 15% undershoot



Response to t.p. ($3\mu\text{s}$ width)

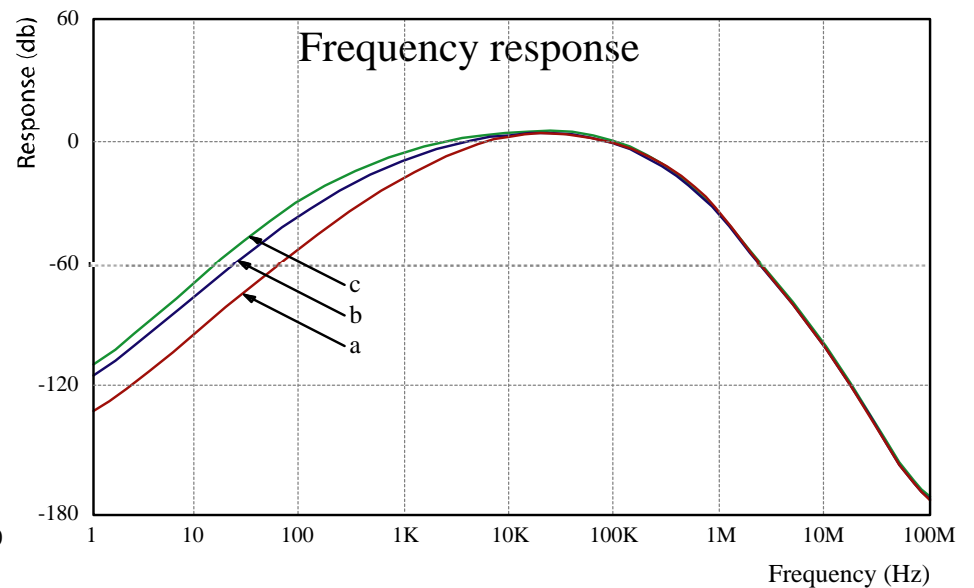
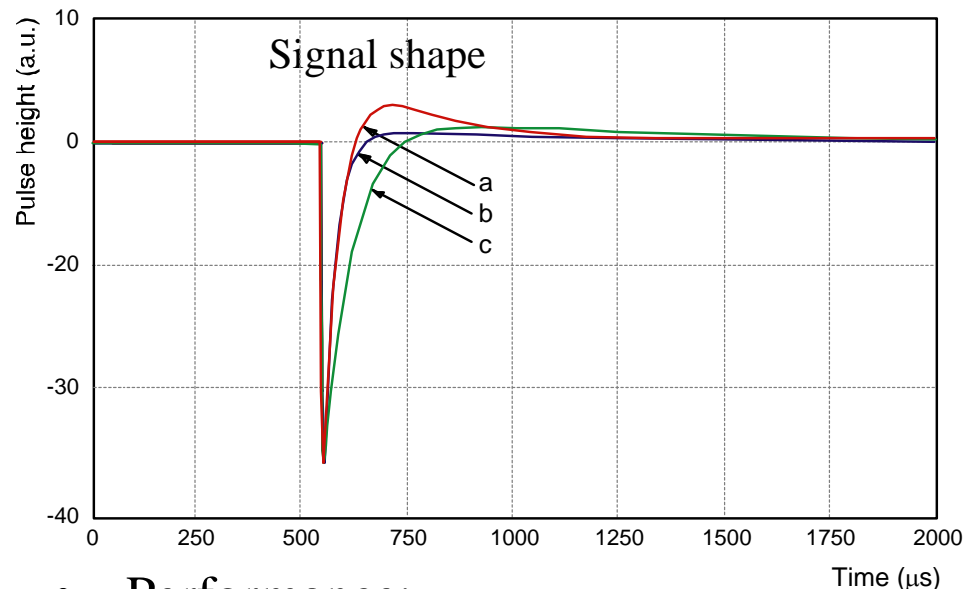


Time (400 ns)

- Solution: make $\tau_r \gg \tau_f$,
- Drawback: increase in sensitivity to low frequency noise

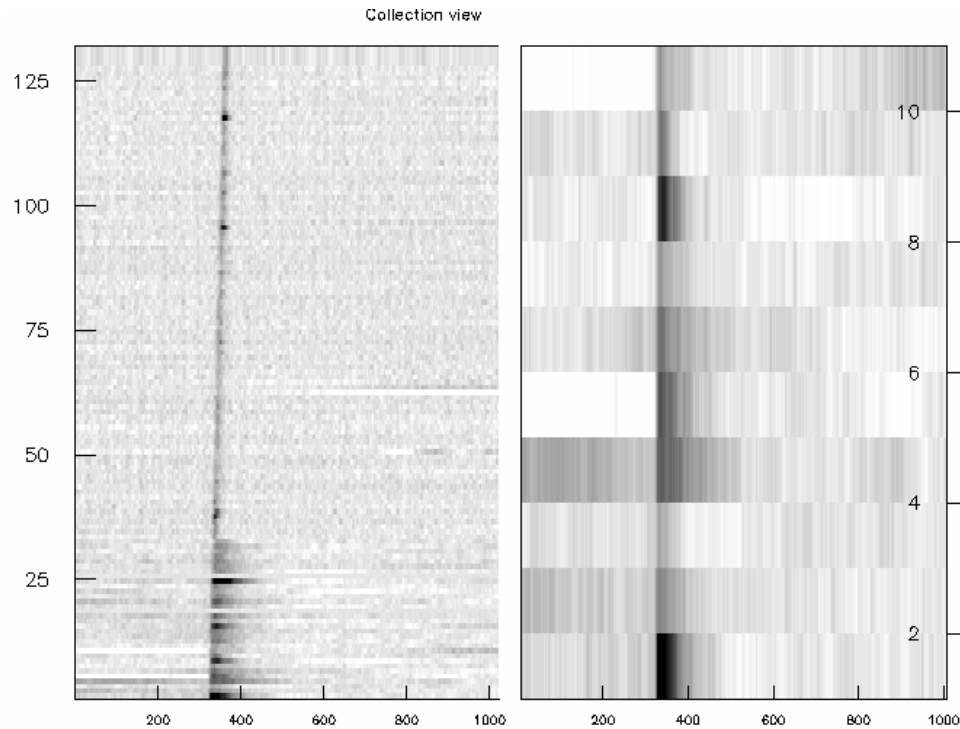
Possible improvements

- Two configurations (changing only two discrete components per channel)
 - (b) $\tau_f=30\mu\text{s}$, $\tau_r = 1000\mu\text{s}$ ($R_f=30\text{M}\Omega$, $C_z=30\text{nF}$)
 - (c) $\tau_f=60\mu\text{s}$, $\tau_r = 1000\mu\text{s}$ ($R_f=60\text{M}\Omega$, $C_z=30\text{nF}$)

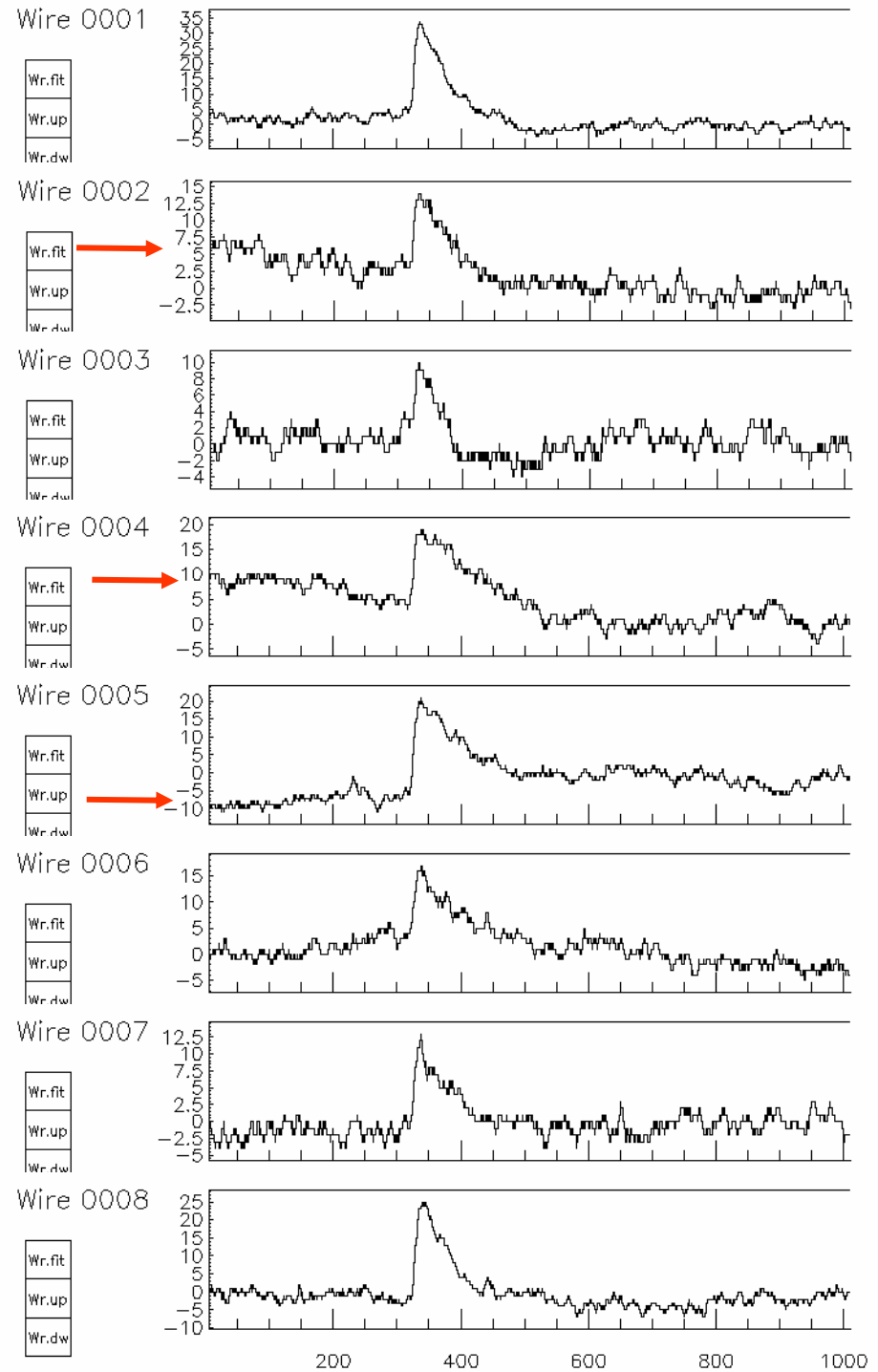


- Performance:
 - Pro: undershoot reduced at less than 4%
 - Contra: larger sensitivity at frequency $< 10\text{kHz}$ (14 and 22 db at most respectively)
 - Signal reconstruction marginally affected (signal bandwidth $> 10\text{kHz}$)
 - Config. (c) vs (b): less distortions in long-lasting signals -- more sensitive to low frequency
- Proposal to adopt configuration (b) or (c) has been distributed
 - ICARUS-TM/2002-05

Low frequency noise



Comparison of
Standard vs **Up-graded (c)**
configurations

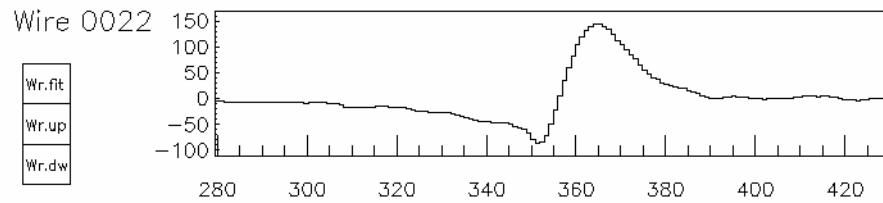
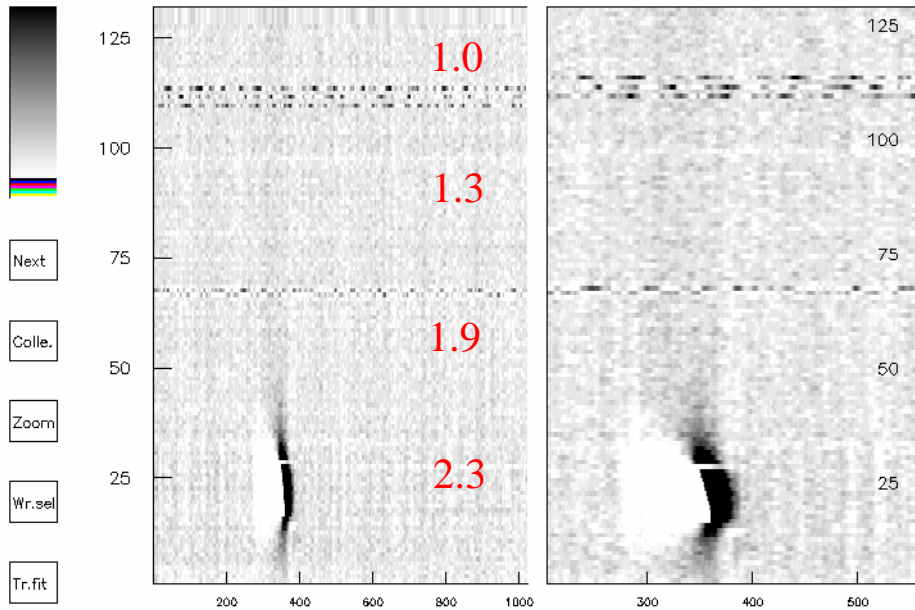


Possible increase of signal gain

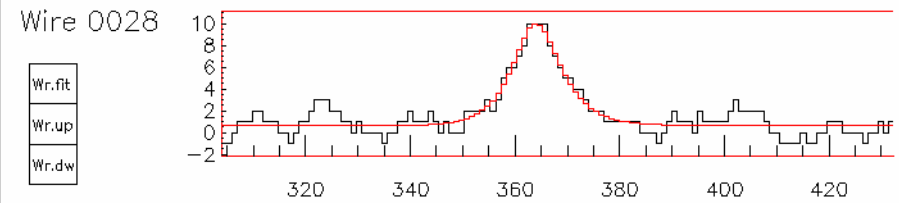
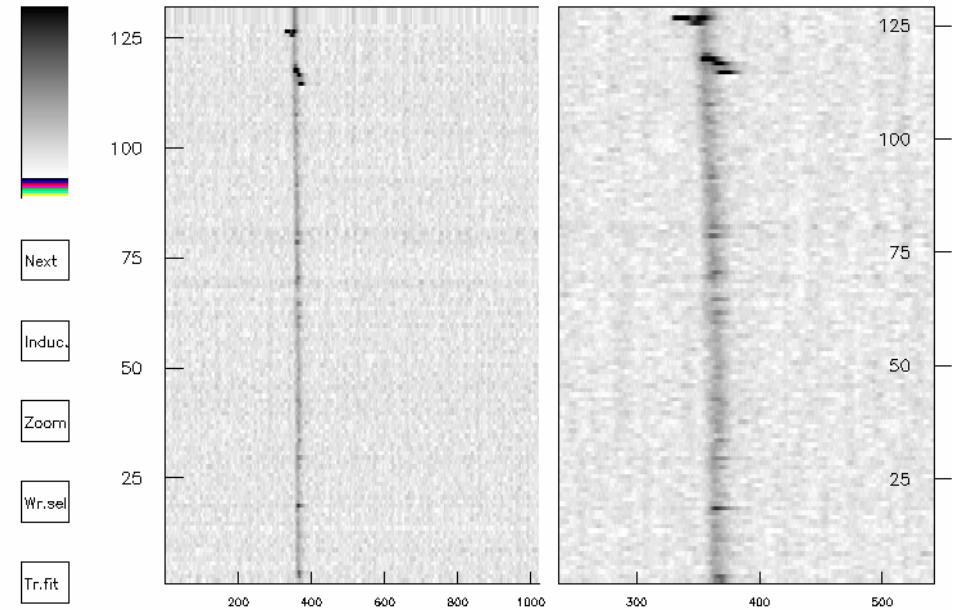
- Present gain of ICARUS DAQ chain:
 - V791C (current mode) = 5.5 counts/fC
 - V791Q (charge mode) = 6.5 counts/fC
 - m.i.p. = 12 counts / 3 mm
 - e.n.c = 1.7 counts (in T600) (S/N = 7)
- Higher gain could help improving signal extraction (even at constant S/N) in case of:
 - Low energy depositions
 - Pulse height attenuation/broadening (due to electron lifetime/diffusion)
 - High frequency noise smoothed with specific filters (without altering signal shape)
 - Digitization noise less relevant
 - Contra: lower dynamic range
- Relatively easy implementation:
 - Acting on gain of linear amplifier after Multiplexing and before ADC (only for resistor per boards).
 - Gain up to 2.30 tested on 50 liter LAr-TPC

Gain increase on induction plane

Run 300 Event 00003 01 zzz 2003 12-39-06 E.F. = 0500V/cm Vdrift = 1.60mm/us Sampl. = 0400ns
Induction view



Run 300 Event 00003 01 zzz 2003 12-39-06 E.F. = 0500V/cm Vdrift = 1.60mm/us Sampl. = 0400ns
Collection view



Considerations on the ICARUS read-out and on data compression

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Abstract

In this memo we propose some possible upgrades of the ICARUS DAQ system. The items concerned are:

- Modification of the response function of the preamplifiers mounted on the V791Q analogue board to eliminate unwanted undershoots;
- Increase of the gain of the front-end read-out to reduce the contribution of digitization to electronic noise;
- Lossless data compression algorithm suited for on-line application (at crate or board level) as well as for existing data.